Stage 1
1-1 Counting

I can count forwards to 10 $1,2,3,4,5 \ldots$


Stage 2
Counting All on Materials

I can count forwards to 20 $8,9,10,11,12 \ldots$

I can solve problems by counting all the objects.

I can say the number after

$$
11,12
$$

$\qquad$

I know 5 and patterns

I know patterns to 10


I can order numbers to 20

Stage 3
Counting All by Imaging

I can solve problems by counting all the objects in my head.

I can read numbers to 20

I can order numbers to 20

I can say the number before - $17,18,19$

I can say the number after

$$
11,12
$$

$\qquad$

I know groupings within 10


I can count backwards from 20 20, 19, 18, 17, 16...

# Level 1—Stage 4 Advanced Counting 

## Addition \& Subtraction

I can solve subtraction problems by counting back from the largest number.

$$
\begin{gathered}
32-3=\square \\
32,31,30,29 .
\end{gathered}
$$

I can solve addition problems by counting on from the largest number.
$16+5=\square$
$16,17,18,19,20,21$

Level 2-Stage 5 Early Additive

## Addition \& Subtraction

I can solve 2 digit addition and subtraction problems in my head using:

I can solve addition and subtraction problems in my head using my basic facts:

Tidy Numbers

$$
29+\square=52 \text { as }(29+1)+22
$$

Place Value
$33+16$ as $30+10+3+6$

Doubles
$8+7=8+8-1$
$26+27=26+26+1$
84-4-4 = 76

> Making Tens
> $8+7=(8+2)+5$
> $37+6=(37+3)+3$

Round and compensate $36+9=36+10-1$


## Level 3-Stage 6 Avananead Additive

## Addition \& Subtraction

I can solve multi digit addition and subtraction problems by choosing an appropriate mental strategy:

Possible strategies for $63-39=\square$
Rounding and compensating $63-39=63-40+1=24$

Reversibility
63-39 as $39+\square=63$
Equal additions
63-39 as 64-40 $=24$

## Level 4_-Stage 7 Advanced Multiplicative

## Addition \& Subtraction

I can choose appropriate strategies to solve addition and subtraction problems involving decimals, integers and related fractions:

Using decimal place value $4.95 \mathrm{~L}+7.5 \mathrm{~L}=\square$

Compensation
$4.95+7.5=4.45+8=12.45 L$
Tidy Numbers
$5+7.5=12.5$ so $4.95+7.5=12.45 \mathrm{~L}$
Place Value
$4+7=11$ and $0.9+0.5=1.4$ so $4.95+7.5=12.45 \mathrm{~L}$

Reference: Ministry of Education (2008). The Number Framework—Book 1

Using decimal place value

$$
\begin{gathered}
2.65 m+1.96 m=\square \\
0.05+1.96=2.01 \\
\text { so } 2.6+2.01=4.61 m
\end{gathered}
$$

Partitioning fractions
$3 / 4+5 / 8=(3 / 4+2 / 8)+3 / 8=13 / 8$

Equivalent operations on Integers $7-3=7+3=10$

